## RSD FAILS TO IMPROVE HIGH SCHOOLS IN NEW ORLEANS

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When the Recovery School District (RSD) gained control of the New Orleans failing schools, its greatest challenge was with the failing high schools. The strength of the high schools determines the strength of the community. When high school students graduate, the community has greater economic development; when they drop out, the community has greater crime. This is the importance of high schools in America. Tragically, the Recovery School District (RSD) has done nothing to improve the standing of New Orleans high schools, especially the seven lowest performing high schools.

Following the State Takeover, the seven lowest performing high schools all reopened as RSD schools. Collectively, they remain as the worst schools in New Orleans.

Part I: Comparison of the lowest performing, seven failing high schools before and after the State Takeover

Research Question: Has the RSD increased the percentage of $10^{\text {th }}$ graders taking the $10^{\text {th }}$ grade test in the seven lowest performing high schools since the State Takeover?

Response: No. In 2004-05, prior to the State Takeover, $85 \%$ of the $10^{\text {th }}$ graders took the $10^{\text {th }}$ grade test. In 2009-10, only $72 \%$ of the $\mathbf{1 0}^{\text {th }}$ graders took the $10^{\text {th }}$ grade test. Thus the percentage of $10^{\text {th }}$ graders taking the test has decreased from $85 \%$, before the State Takeover, to $72 \%$, five years later.

|  |  | 2004-05 |  |  | 2009-10 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Summary Table: Comparing 2004-05 and 2009-10 | Oct. $1^{\text {st }}$ $10^{\text {th }}$ Grade Count | Spring 2005 <br> $10^{\text {th }}$ grade <br> Testers | $\%$ <br> tested | Oct. 1st $10^{\text {th }}$ Grade Count | Spring 2010 <br> $10^{\text {th }}$ Grade <br> Testers | \% tested |
| 1 | O.P. Walker Senior High School | 230 | 209 | 91\% | 227 | 187 | 82\% |
| 2 | Joseph S. Clark Senior High School | 130 | 138 | 100+\% | 88 | 47 | 53\% |
| 3 | Walter L. Cohen High School | 178 | 137 | 77\% | 132 | 84 | 64\% |
| 4 | Fredrick A. Douglass High School | 217 | 178 | 82\% | 75 | 51 | 68\% |
| 5 | John McDonogh Senior High School | 314 | 211 | 67\% | 149 | 101 | 68\% |
| 6 | Sarah Towles Reed Senior High | 321 | 295 | 92\% | 164 | 123 | 75\% |
| 7 | G. W. Carver High School | 177 | 171 | 97\% | 103 | 81 | 79\% |
|  | Total | 1567 | 1339 | 85\% | 938 | 674 | 72\% |

## Part II: Comparison of all RSD high schools and all non-RSD high schools in 2009-10.

Research Question: Of the $10^{\text {th }}$ graders enrolled in the fall of 2009-10, did the RSD high schools and the non-RSD high schools administer the $10^{\text {th }}$ grade test, in the spring, to approximately the same percentage of $10^{\text {th }}$ graders?

Response: No. Only $79 \%$ of the $10^{\text {th }}$ graders in the RSD high schools were tested; whereas, $96 \%$ of the $10^{\text {th }}$ graders in the non-RSD high schools were tested.

| Summary Table: Comparison 2009-10 Non-RSD and RSD High Schools | Oct. 1, 2009 $10^{\text {th }}$ Grade Count | Spring 2010 Initial $10^{\text {th }}$ Grade Testers | $\%$ of $10^{\text {th }}$ Graders Tested |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RSD High Schools | 1552 | 1229 | 79\% |
| Non-RSD High Schools | 1193 | 1150 | 96\% |

The number of $10^{\text {th }}$ graders tested has declined significantly under RSD control. The question must be addressed as to why such a large number of $10^{\text {th }}$ graders are not tested in the RSD schools.

Since test scores are a main component of the school's performance score, a school could deliberately not test its lowest performing students in order to improve its score. However, this is unthinkable and not considered herein. Thus, the only other reason for so many students not being tested would be that the students are no longer in school.

For whatever reason, there are significantly fewer $10^{\text {th }}$ grade students in RSD schools taking the $10^{\text {th }}$ grade test. There are fewer students when the worst performing RSD schools are compared with the same worst performing schools prior to the State Takeover. And, there are fewer students when the 2009-10 RSD schools are compared with the 2009-10 non-RSD schools. Fewer students equates to fewer graduates and to less human potential.

## It is time to rethink the reform plan.

## Introduction

The singular purpose of the State Takeover was to improve the performance of the failing schools. ${ }^{\text {i }}$ The Board of Elementary and Secondary Education (BESE) authored the takeover of the failing schools and placed them under the jurisdiction of the Recovery School District (RSD). Thus, the success of the takeover must be measured by how well the failing schools have improved." This report compares the seven failing schools, at the time of the takeover, with the same seven failing schools in 2009-10; and compares all RSD high schools with all non-RSD high schools in 2009-10. The conclusion of the research is that the Recovery School District has not improved the standing of the city's lowest performing high schools.

## Research Question 1:

Has the RSD increased the percentage of $10^{\text {th }}$ graders taking the $10^{\text {th }}$ grade test in the seven lowest performing high schools since the State Takeover?

> Response: No. In 2004-05, prior to the State Takeover, $85 \%$ of the $10^{\text {th }}$ graders took the $10^{\text {th }}$ grade test. In 2009-10, only $72 \%$ of the $10^{\text {th }}$ graders took the $10^{\text {th }}$ grade test. Thus the percentage of $10^{\text {th }}$ graders taking the test has decreased from $85 \%$, before the State Takeover, to $72 \%$, five years later.

The seven lowest performing high schools at the time of the State Takeover are listed below. ${ }^{\text {.ii }}$ These remain as the lowest performing high schools.

At the time of the State Takeover, $85 \%$ of the $10^{\text {th }}$ graders took the $10^{\text {th }}$ grade test in the spring. ${ }^{\text {iv }}$ (Table 1)
Table 1: 2004-05 Seven Failing High Schools: October $1^{\text {st }}$ count and initial testers.

| No. | Code | School Name | Oct. 1, 2004 $10^{\text {th }}$ Grade Count | Spring 2005 Initial $10^{\text {th }}$ Grade Testers | Percent tested |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 036173 | O.P. Walker Senior High School | 230 | 209 | 91\% |
| 2 | 036020 | Joseph S. Clark Senior High School | 130 | 138 | 100+\% |
| 3 | 036022 | Walter L. Cohen High School | 178 | 137 | 77\% |
| 4 | 036102 | Fredrick A. Douglass High School | 217 | 178 | 82\% |
| 5 | 036095 | John McDonogh Senior High School | 314 | 211 | 67\% |
| 6 | 036152 | Sarah Towles Reed Senior High School | 321 | 295 | 92\% |
| 7 | 036172 | G. W. Carver High School | 177 | 171 | 97\% |
|  |  | Total | 1567 | 1339 | 85\% |

For the past five years, all seven of the lowest performing high schools have been under the jurisdiction of the Recovery School District. In 2009-10, only $72 \%$ of the $10^{\text {th }}$ graders in the RSD took the $10^{\text {th }}$ grade test. (Table 2)

Table 2: 2009-10 Seven Failing High Schools: October $1^{\text {st }}$ count and initial testers.

| No. | Code* | School Name | Oct. 1, 2009 $10^{\text {th }}$ Grade Count | Spring 2010 Initial $10^{\text {th }}$ Grade Testers | Percent tested |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 395005 | O.P. Walker Senior High School | 227 | 187 | 82\% |
| 2 | 396002 | Joseph S. Clark Senior High School | 88 | 47 | 53\% |
| 3 | 396004 | Walter L. Cohen High School | 132 | 84 | 64\% |
| 4 | 396007 | Fredrick A. Douglass High School | 75 | 51 | 68\% |
| 5 | 396011 | John McDonogh Senior High School | 149 | 101 | 68\% |
| 6 | 396017 | Sarah Towles Reed Senior HS | 164 | 123 | 75\% |
| 7 | 396026 | G. W. Carver High School | 103 | 81 | 79\% |
|  |  | Total | 938 | 674 | 72\% |

For the seven lowest performing high schools, the findings show that $85 \%$ of $10^{\text {th }}$ graders, before the State Takeover, took the $10^{\text {th }}$ grade test while only $72 \%$ of 2009-10 RSD $10^{\text {th }}$ graders took the test. (Table 3)

Table 3: Summary Table Comparing 2004-05 and 2009-10

|  | Summary Table: Comparing 2004- <br> $\mathbf{0 5}$ and 2009-10 | 2004-05 <br> Percent <br> Tested | 2009-10 <br> Percent <br> Tested |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: |
| 1 | O.P. Walker Senior High School | $91 \%$ | $82 \%$ |
| 2 | Joseph S. Clark Senior High School | $100+\%$ | $53 \%$ |
| 3 | Walter L. Cohen High School | $77 \%$ | $64 \%$ |
| 4 | Fredrick A. Douglass High School | $82 \%$ | $68 \%$ |
| 5 | John McDonogh Senior High School | $67 \%$ | $68 \%$ |
| 6 | Sarah Towles Reed Senior High | $92 \%$ | $75 \%$ |
| 7 | G. W. Carver High School | $97 \%$ | $79 \%$ |
|  | Total | $\mathbf{8 5 \%}$ | $\mathbf{7 2 \%}$ |

The differences in the percentage of students taking the $10^{\text {th }}$ grade test, for each of the seven lowest performing schools, before the State Takeover and five years later are given in Table 4.

Table 4: Differences in percentages between 2004-05 and 2009-10

| No. | School Name | $2004-05$ <br> $\%$ of 10 <br> graders tested | $2009-10$ <br> $\%$ of 10 <br> graders tested | Increase/decrease <br> in percentage <br> tested |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1 | O.P. Walker Senior High School | $91 \%$ | $82 \%$ | $\mathbf{- 9 \%}$ |
| 2 | Joseph S. Clark Senior High School | $100+\%$ | $53 \%$ | $\mathbf{- 4 7 \%}$ |
| 3 | Walter L. Cohen High School | $77 \%$ | $64 \%$ | $\mathbf{- 1 3 \%}$ |
| 4 | Fredrick A. Douglass High School | $82 \%$ | $68 \%$ | $\mathbf{- 1 4 \%}$ |
| 5 | John McDonogh Senior High School | $67 \%$ | $68 \%$ | $\mathbf{+ 1 \%}$ |
| 6 | Sarah Towles Reed Senior HS | $92 \%$ | $75 \%$ | $\mathbf{- 1 7 \%}$ |
| 7 | G. W. Carver High School | $97 \%$ | $79 \%$ | $\mathbf{- 1 8 \%}$ |

## Definition of Terms and Data Calculation

## Terms:

- October $1^{\text {st }}$ count: The traditional fall enrollment count is taken on October $1^{\text {st }}$ of each school year by the State Department of Education for use in determining each school district's funding per the Minimum Foundation Program. ${ }^{\vee}$
- $10^{\text {th }}$ Grade Test: " $10^{\text {th }}$ grade test" refers to the Graduate Exit Exam (GEE), which is first administered in $10^{\text {th }}$ grade. There are four sections of the exam. The English/Language Arts and Mathematics sections are administered to $10^{\text {th }}$ grade students. The Science and Social Studies sections are administered to $11^{\text {th }}$ grade students. Students who fail any section are given retake opportunities. For this research article, " $10^{\text {th }}$ grade test" refers to the English/ Language Arts portion of the exam, which is taken initially by $10^{\text {th }}$ grade students. ${ }^{\text {vi }}$
- Failing High School: A failing high school is defined as a school that received an unacceptable rating for four consecutive years and that was transferred to the Recovery School District. ${ }^{\text {vii }}$
- High School: In this research, "high school" refers to any school that had a $10^{\text {th }}$ grade enrollment count on the specified year. Some are four-year high schools; others are combination schools, or schools with a mixture of grades thereof.


## Data Calculation

The "percentage (\%) of $10^{\text {th }}$ graders tested" for each school, was calculated as follows:

1. For the specified year and for each school, the school's October $1^{\text {st }}$ membership count was recorded from the Department of Education's website, as acquired from the Minimum Foundation Report, which collects statewide student enrollment data for funding purposes.
2. For the specified year and for each school, the Department of Education's website was used to record the number of initial $10^{\text {th }}$ grade testers in the Language Arts/ English section of the GEE. Specifically, the data is from the spring results of the initial GEE testers.
3. The percentage of $10^{\text {th }}$ graders tested was determined by dividing the number of $10^{\text {th }}$ grade initial testers by the number of $10^{\text {th }}$ graders enrolled on October $1^{\text {st }}$.
In addition to the specific citations provided in the Endnotes, Appendix A outlines the process for readers to use in order to access information from the Department of Education's website. See also, Appendix B, for the listing of all of the takeover schools that had a $10^{\text {th }}$ grade enrollment count in 2004-05.

## Research Question II:

Of the $10^{\text {th }}$ graders enrolled in fall of 2009-10, did the RSD high schools and the non-RSD high schools administer the $10^{\text {th }}$ grade test, in the spring, to approximately the same percentage of $10^{\text {th }}$ graders?

Response: No, only $\mathbf{7 9 \%}$ of the $10^{\text {th }}$ graders were tested in the RSD high schools; whereas, $96 \%$ of the $10^{\text {th }}$ graders were tested in the non-RSD high schools.

On October 1, 2009, there were eight (8) non-RSD high schools that had $10^{\text {th }}$ graders enrolled, and there were eighteen (18) RSD high schools that had $10^{\text {th }}$ graders enrolled. The eight (8) non-RSD high schools had a total of $1,21910^{\text {th }}$ grade students, and the eighteen (18) RSD high schools had a total of $1,55210^{\text {th }}$ grade students. viii

A few alternative schools are excluded from this analysis and from the state database for confidentiality purposes because the number of $10^{\text {th }}$ grade testers was under ten (10). All of the schools referred to as high schools have $10^{\text {th }}$ grade enrollment. Some are four year high schools; some are combination schools; and, some have a variety of grades.

## RSD High Schools: 79\% Tested

In the RSD high schools, seventy-nine percent ( $79 \%$ ) of the $10^{\text {th }}$ graders were tested. (Table 5)

Table 5: 2009-10 RSD High Schools: Percent Tested

| No. | School Name | Oct. 1, 2009 $10^{\text {th }}$ Grade Count | Spring 2010 Initial $10^{\text {th }}$ Grade Testers | \% Tested |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Thurgood Marshall Early College High School* | 107 | 104 | 97\% |
| 2 | New Orleans Charter Science and Math Academy* | 63 | 61 | 97\% |
| 3 | Sojourner Truth Academy* | 87 | 73 | 84\% |
| 4 | Miller-McCoy Academy* | 100 | 84 | 84\% |
| 5 | Abramson Science \& Technology Charter School | 20 | 21 | 100+\% |
| 6 | Dr. M.L.K. Charter School for Science and Technology* | 27 | 26 | 96\% |
| 7 | O.P. Walker Senior High School | 227 | 187 | 82\% |
| 8 | Algiers Technology Academy | 88 | 69 | 78\% |
| 9 | Joseph S. Clark Senior High School | 88 | 47 | 53\% |
| 10 | Walter L. Cohen High School | 132 | 84 | 64\% |
| 11 | Fredrick A. Douglass High School | 75 | 51 | 68\% |
| 12 | John McDonogh Senior High School | 149 | 101 | 68\% |
| 13 | Sarah Towles Reed Senior HS | 164 | 123 | 75\% |
| 14 | Schwarz Alternative School | 17 | 14 | 82\% |
| 15 | G. W. Carver High School | 103 | 81 | 79\% |
| 16 | Excel Academy* | 28 | 21 | 75\% |
| 17 | Greater Gentilly High School* | 64 | 65 | 100+\% |
| 18 | Sophie B. Wright Inst. Of Academic Excellence* | 13 | 17 | 100+\% |
|  | Total | 1552 | 1229 | 79\% |

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## Non-RSD High Schools: 96\% Tested

In the non-RSD high schools, ninety-six percent ( $96 \%$ ) of the $10^{\text {th }}$ graders were tested. (Table 6)

Table 6: 2009-10 Non-RSD High Schools: Percent Tested

| No. | School Name | Oct. 1, 2009 <br> 10 <br> Count | Spring 2010 <br> Initial 10 <br> Grade Testers | \% Tested |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: |
| 1 | Warren Easton Senior High School | 204 | 198 | $97 \%$ |
| 2 | Benjamin Franklin High School | 172 | 168 | $98 \%$ |
| 3 | Edna Karr Secondary School | 215 | 210 | $98 \%$ |
| 4 | Priestley School of Architecture/ Construction | 88 | 78 | $89 \%$ |
| 5 | Lusher Charter School | 92 | 97 | $100+\%$ |
| 6 | McDonogh \#35Senior High School | 203 | 187 | $92 \%$ |
| 7 | Eleanor McMain Secondary School | 125 | 124 | $99 \%$ |
| 8 | N.O. Charter Science and Mathematics High School | 94 | 88 | $94 \%$ |
|  | Total | $\mathbf{1 1 9 3}$ | $\mathbf{1 1 5 0}$ | $\mathbf{9 6 \%}$ |

Thus, in 2009-10, $79 \%$ of the $10^{\text {th }}$ graders in RSD schools were tested; whereas, $96 \%$ of the $10^{\text {th }}$ graders in non-RSD schools were tested. (Table 7)

Table 7: Summary Table: Comparison 2009-10 Non-RSD and RSD High Schools

| Comparison 2009-10 NonRSD and RSD High Schools | Oct. 1, 2009 $10^{\text {th }}$ Grade Count | Spring 2010 Initial $10^{\text {th }}$ Grade Testers | $\%$ of $10^{\text {th }}$ Graders Tested |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RSD High Schools | 1552 | 1229 | 79\% |
| Non-RSD High Schools | 1193 | 1150 | 96\% |

## Implications and Recommendations

The difference between the October $1^{\text {st }}$ count and the number of spring testers is an important indicator of the effectiveness of a school. Schools with performance scores of 60 or below are "failing schools." Failing schools have significantly fewer $10^{\text {th }}$ graders taking the $10^{\text {th }}$ grade test when compared with successful schools. (Appendix C)

Of the seven failing schools researched, all but one, had less than $80 \%$ of their $10^{\text {th }}$ graders tested. (Table 6)

The low percentage of $10^{\text {th }}$ graders, who do not take the spring $10^{\text {th }}$ grade test, is yet another indicator that the Recovery School District has failed to improve New Orleans' high schools, especially the seven lowest performing high schools.

Table 6: School Performance Scores of RSD High Schools with less than $80 \%$ of $10^{\text {th }}$ graders tested.

| No. | School Name | $2009-10$ percent of <br> $10^{\text {th }}$ graders tested | $\mathbf{2 0 0 8 - 0 9}$ <br> Baseline <br> SPS $^{*}$ |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: |
| 1 | Joseph S. Clark Senior High School | $53 \%$ | $\mathbf{2 2 . 1}$ |
| 2 | Walter L. Cohen High School | $64 \%$ | $\mathbf{2 0 . 0}$ |
| 3 | Fredrick A. Douglass High School | $68 \%$ | $\mathbf{1 7 . 1}$ |
| 4 | John McDonogh Senior High School | $68 \%$ | $\mathbf{2 3 . 2}$ |
| 5 | Sarah Towles Reed Senior HS | $\mathbf{7 5 \%}$ | $\mathbf{3 3 . 6}$ |
| 6 | G. W. Carver High School | $\mathbf{7 9 \%}$ | $\mathbf{2 9 . 5}$ |

*Latest year for SPS given on LDE website.
O.P. Walker High School is the only one of the seven lowest performing schools that did improve its percentage of $10^{\text {th }}$ graders tested, to over $80 \%$ tested. Its school performance score also improved to 55.8, even though this is still considered "failing."

The significance here is that O.P. Walker is the only one of the seven schools that is not directly operated by the Recovery School District. Rather, O.P. Walker is part of the west-bank charter school initiative that includes all schools on the west-bank, both takeover schools and non-takeover schools. ${ }^{\text {ix }}$

Each state is provided the option in No Child Left Behind of either authorizing a State Takeover, or of dividing the one large school district into smaller school districts. ${ }^{x}$ The west-bank initiative is an example of the latter option and it has proven to be more successful that the State Takeover's operation through the Recovery School District.

When only $79 \%$ of the $10^{\text {th }}$ grade RSD students take the $10^{\text {th }}$ grade test, the question becomes "Where are those students who were not tested?" The data reporting system of the State Department of Education is not a helpful source for answering this question. For example, when a student simply stops coming to school, the school is allowed to code the reason for the student's disappearance as simply "unknown" or "no show." If the school uses the code "dropout," it would receive negative points toward its performance score. By using "unknown," or other dubious state Department of Education codes, the school avoids having to code the disappearing student as a dropout. ${ }^{\text {xi }}$

Further research on the positives of the west-bank initiative, along with a more accurate system of determining why so many RSD $10^{\text {th }}$ grade students are no longer in school at the end of the year, will go a long way to improving New Orleans high schools. Whatever is done will certainly be a better alternative than continuing the operation of the schools under the Recovery School District.

## Endnotes:

${ }^{\text {i }}$ The Louisiana "State Board of Elementary and Secondary Education. . . shall have the power to supervise, manage, and operate or provide for the supervision, management and operation of a public elementary or secondary school which has determined to be failing." Louisiana State Constitution, Article VIII, Section 3.
${ }^{i 1}$ "The State. . .shall take corrective action with respect to any local educational agency that fails to make adequate yearly progress, as defined by the State, by the end of the second full school year after the identification of the local education agency." No Child Left Behind; P.L. 107-110, 20 USC 6311, Title I, Sect. 1116 (c) (10)(B).
iii See Appendix B for the seven lowest performing high schools in 2004-05. Appendix B data was obtained from the 2004-05 District Composite Report for Orleans Parish, State Department of Education.
${ }^{\text {iv }}$ Louisiana Department of Education, Planning, Analysis and Information Resources, LEA and School Level; Public School Counts: "The documents are prepared from student information submitted as of October. . . each year by the parish/city school district. "
v "The Minimum Foundation Program (MFP) formula adopted by the State Board of Elementary and Secondary Education and approved by the Legislature determines the cost of a minimum foundation program of education in public elementary and secondary schools and helps allocate the funds equitably to parish and city school systems." Louisiana Department of Education, Education Finance, MFP Administration, 2010.
vi "The Louisiana Educational Assessment Program (LEAP) and the Graduation Exit Examination (GEE) are part of Louisiana's criterion-reference testing (CRT) program. The GEE English Language Arts and Mathematics tests were (first) administered for grade 10 in spring 2002." Louisiana Educational Assessment Program.
vii Louisiana Administrative Code, Title 28, Education, Chapter 16: Academically Unacceptable Schools and Subgroup Component Failure. "Beginning in 2007, schools with Baseline School Performance Scores of less than 60.0 points shall be labeled "Academically Unacceptable Schools." LAC, Title 28, Recovery School District: "The Louisiana Legislature established the recovery school district with the passage of R.S. 17:1990. A school is eligible for the recovery school district under any of the following conditions. . . 4) a school is labeled academically unacceptable for four consecutive years."
viii Louisiana Department of Education, Education Finance, MFP Administration, 2010.
${ }^{\text {ix }}$ The Algiers Charter School Association (ACSA) was authorized to charter all New Orleans west-bank schools under the collaborative name of ACSA following the 2005 Hurricane Katrina. The schools consist of both academically failing schools, that were part of the State Takeover, and schools that were not part of the State Takeover. See ACSA website.
${ }^{\mathrm{x}}$ "In the case of a local education agency identified for corrective action, The State education agency shall take at least one of the following corrective actions. . .(iv) removing particular schools from the local education agency and establishing alternative arrangements for public school governance (i.e., state takeover). . . (vi) . . .restructuring the local education agency." No Child Left Behind; P.L. 107-110, 20 USC 6311, Title I, Sect. 1116 (c) (10)(C).
${ }^{\text {xi }}$ SIS User Guide, 2010-11 Version 10.2: "The Student Information System (SIS) database consists of records of information about individual students enrolled in Louisiana Public Schools." "Exit Reason Codes: 02: Dropped Out; 18: No Show; 97: Unknown." (Page 33, SIS User Guide)

## Appendices

## Appendix A

## Process for locating data on Department of Education website:

For each inquiry, begin by accessing the Department of Education website, then clicking on
"Accountability."

- For School Enrollment Data:

Click on "LAMFP Accountability," then click on "Data and Reports." Look to the left of screen and click on "Public School Enrollment," then click on "Student Count" (select year) and click on "Zipped Excel by Site Elementary/Secondary."

- For GEE test data:

Click on "Test Results GEE." Enter year desired and click to download the results. Scroll to bottom of page to retrieve specific data, such as, "GEE Initial testers."

- For SPS data:

Click on "District Composite Report." Enter District and year.

## Appendix B:

All 2004-05 New Orleans Public Schools with $10^{\text {th }}$ grade students. Information provided: $10^{\text {th }}$ grade October $1^{\text {st }}$ count, initial spring GEE testers, and school's 2004-05 baseline School Performance Score.

| No. | Code | School Name | Oct. 1, 2004 <br> $10^{\text {th }}$ Grade <br> Count | Spring 2005 <br> Initial GEE <br> Testers | $2004-05$ <br> Baseline <br> SPS |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | 036002 | Marion Abramson Senior High School | 370 | 377 | 31.2 |
| 2 | 036020 | Joseph S. Clark Senior High School | 130 | 138 | 14.6 |
| 3 | 036022 | Walter L. Cohen High School | 178 | 137 | 21.4 |
| 4 | 036035 | Warren Easton Fundamental Sr. High School | 324 | 313 | 93.6 |
| 5 | 036042 | Alcee Fortier High School | 200 | 188 | 17.0 |
| 6 | 036043 | Benjamin Franklin Senior High School | 225 | 225 | 200.5 |
| 7 | 036051 | F.W. Gregory Junior High School | 91 | 88 | 44.6 |
| 8 | 036064 | Edna Karr Magnet School | 174 | 179 | 127.2 |
| 9 | 036065 | John F. Kennedy Senior High School | 139 | 145 | 26.1 |
| 10 | 036069 | L. B. Landry High School | 147 | 126 | 36.2 |
| 11 | 036072 | Lawless High School | 135 | 126 | 30.0 |
| 12 | 036088 | McDonogh \#35 Senior High School | 286 | 286 | 115.8 |
| 13 | 036095 | John McDonogh Senior High School | 314 | 211 | 25.1 |
| 14 | 036096 | McMain Magnet Secondary School | 196 | 193 | 121.3 |
| 15 | 036102 | Fredrick A. Douglass High School | 217 | 178 | 15.0 |
| 16 | 036110 | Rabouin Career Magnet High School | 140 | 126 | 61.1 |
| 17 | 036120 | Urban League Street Academy | 4 | 11 | $\sim$ |
| 18 | 036122 | Booker T. Washington School | 62 | 54 | $\sim$ |
| 19 | 036132 | Youth Study Center | 5 | $\sim$ | $\sim$ |
| 20 | 036137 | East New Orleans Educational Center | 19 | $\sim$ | $\sim$ |
| 21 | 036152 | Sarah Towles Reed Senior High School | 321 | 295 | 42.7 |
| 22 | 036157 | Juvenile Alternative School | 16 | $\sim$ | $\sim$ |
| 23 | 036163 | New Orleans Science and Mathematics HS | 3 | $\sim$ | $\sim$ |
| 24 | 036170 | N.O. Public Schools Alternative High School | 16 | $\sim$ | $\sim$ |
| 25 | 036172 | G. W. Carver High School | 177 | 171 | 26.5 |
| 26 | 036173 | O.P. Walker Senior High School | 230 | 209 | 41.1 |
| 27 | 036177 | New Orleans High School Signature Centers | 269 | 257 | 49.4 |
|  |  | Total | 4388 | 4033 |  |

## Appendix C:

These are schools with a $10^{\text {th }}$ grade in 2008-09, which continued to have a $10^{\text {th }}$ grade in 200910. The data is from the 2008-09 year, which is the most recent year for which the LDE provides School Performance Scores. The schools are listed in ascending order by percentage of $10^{\text {th }}$ graders tested. The schools are both OPSB and RSD schools.
(A failing school has a School Performance Score (SPS) below 60.0.)

| No. | School Name | $\%$ of $10^{\text {th }}$ graders tested | 2008-09 Baseline SPS |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Benjamin Franklin High School | 100+\% | 167.5 | Above 90\% of $10^{\text {th }}$ graders tested, all had SPS greater than 60, except Priestley. |
| 2 | Lusher Charter School | 100+\% | 139.4 |  |
| 3 | Eleanor McMain Secondary School | 100+\% | 84.8 |  |
| 4 | Warren Easton Senior High School | 100+\% | 84.1 |  |
| 5 | McDonogh \#35Senior High School | 100+\% | 82.5 |  |
| 6 | Edna Karr Secondary School | 100\% | 83.0 |  |
| 7 | Priestley School of Architecture/ Construction | 99\% | 51.1 |  |
| 8 | New Orleans Charter Science and Mathematics High School | 95\% | 76.7 |  |
| 9 | Abramson Science \& Technology Charter School | 93\% | 66.2 |  |
| 10 | Algiers Technology Academy | 88\% | 49.9 | Below 90\% <br> to $10^{\text {th }}$ <br> graders <br> tested, all <br> had SPS <br> less than <br> 60. |
| 11 | O.P. Walker Senior High School | 82\% | 55.9 |  |
| 12 | G. W. Carver High School | 79\% | 29.5 |  |
| 13 | Walter L. Cohen High School | 74\% | 20.0 |  |
| 14 | Joseph S. Clark Senior High School | 73\% | 22.1 |  |
| 15 | Sarah Towles Reed Senior HS | 71\% | 33.6 |  |
| 16 | John McDonogh Senior High School | 65\% | 23.2 |  |
| 17 | Fredrick A. Douglass High School | 56\% | 17.1 |  |

> Research on Reforms is a nonprofit foundation, dedicated to improving New Orleans public schools through applied research. For more information, please go to www.researchonreforms.org, or email author at bferguson@researchonreforms.org.


[^0]:    * New schools in 2009-10, or new to administering the 10th grade exam.

